

Code No: 154AQ

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD

B. Tech II Year II Semester Examinations, August/September - 2021

DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

(Common to CSE, IT, ITE)

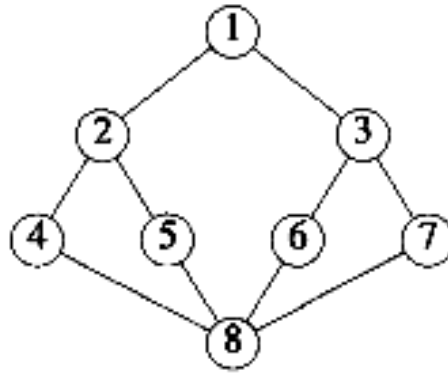
Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any five questions
All questions carry equal marks

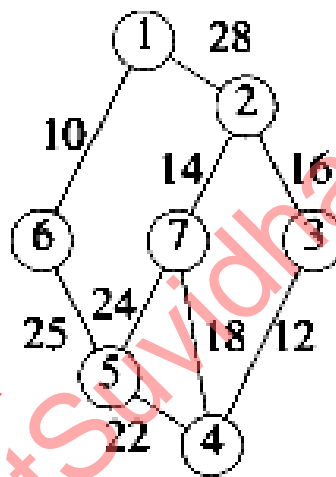
- 1.a) Obtain the principal conjunctive normal form of
 $(p \rightarrow (q \wedge r)) \wedge (\sim p \rightarrow (\sim q \wedge \sim r))$
 b) What do you mean by Well Formed Formula? Explain about Tautology with example? [7+8]
- 2.a) Consider the following relation on $\{1,2,3,4,5,6\}$ $R = \{(i, j) : i - j = 2\}$ Is R transitive? Is R reflexive? Is R Symmetric?
 b) If R and S are equivalence relations on a set A. Prove that $R \cap S$ is an equivalence Relation.
 c) Define the terms: POSET and Hasse diagram. [5+5+5]
3. Use strong induction to prove "Every positive integer greater than 1 can be written uniquely as a prime or as the product of two or more primes where the prime factors are written in order of non decreasing size". [15]
- 4.a) Obtain recurrence relation for tower of Hanoi problem and find its time complexity.
 b) Explain the methods of solving recurrence relations with suitable examples. [7+8]
- 5.a) Give an example graph which is Hamiltonian but not Eulerian.
 b) How to determine adjacency matrix for a graph. Explain properties of adjacency matrix by taking suitable graph with minimum 4 nodes 6 edges. [7+8]
- 6.a) Prove or Disprove that the following statements are logically equivalent without using truth table. $(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (P \rightarrow R) \Leftrightarrow P \rightarrow (Q \wedge R)$?
 b) Find the disjunctive normal forms of the following:
 i) $\neg(P \vee Q) \leftrightarrow (\neg P \wedge \neg Q)$
 ii) $P \rightarrow \{(P \rightarrow Q) \wedge (\neg Q \vee \neg P)\}$ [7+8]
- 7.a) Compute the number of rows of 6 Americans, 7 Mexicans and 10 Canadians in which an American invariably stands between a Mexican and a Canadian and in which a Mexican and a Canadian never stand side by side.
 b) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n + 4a_{n-1} + 4a_{n-2} = 8$ for $n \geq 2$ where $a_0 = 1, a_1 = 2$. [7+8]

8.a) Explain Breadth First Search algorithm with following Graph 1.



Graph: 1

b) Define Spanning tree. Apply Krushkal's algorithm to find minimum spanning tree on the following weighted graph 2. [7+8]



Graph: 2

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